



INTERPOL



# GLOBAL POLICING GOALS

Security as a foundation  
for sustainable development

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

OCTOBER 2023



INTERPOL



# GLOBAL POLICING GOALS

Security as a foundation  
for sustainable development

Today's security challenges are interconnected and global. The evolving and complex security challenges facing our world demand agile and multilateral collaboration among law enforcement agencies like never before. As the only police organization that works at the global level, a unique part of INTERPOL's role is to enable law enforcement in our 195 member countries to work together, shaping the future of global law enforcement to make the world a safer place.

INTERPOL's policing capabilities and support are delivered worldwide through four global crime-area programmes addressing threats that are among the most pressing today: counter-terrorism, cybercrime, financial crime and anti-corruption, and organized and emerging crime.

INTERPOL's General Secretariat is based in Lyon, France, and in Singapore, via the INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation, Regional Bureaus across the globe and Special Representative offices at the African Union, the European Union and the United Nations in New York and Vienna.

Each member country operates an INTERPOL National Central Bureau, staffed by national law enforcement officers, which connects them and other frontline and specialized law enforcement officers to our global network.

To respond to the evolving global crime and security landscape in a consistent manner, it is imperative that all actors in the global security architecture work towards the same outcomes by ensuring that Global Policing takes into account the goals set out under the SDGs and ensuring that security underpins the sustainable development agenda.

INTERPOL has developed a set of seven Global Policing Goals, addressing a range of issues related to crime and security. Aligned with the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and related to Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Global Policing Goals shape how the global law enforcement community works together to create a safer world. The goals are universal, ambitious and underpinned by collective action. These goals were originally approved in 2017 by INTERPOL's member countries at the 86th General Assembly session in Beijing, China. The Global Policing Goals, each focusing on a crime-area or a global threat, are underpinned by cross-cutting foundational themes, each of which impacts the operationalization of the GPGs. In reiterating the nexus between global security and sustainable development, in 2020, INTERPOL General Secretariat conducted an analysis identifying the links between the GPGs and the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The quickly evolving security landscape, which has been increasingly driven by technological innovation, required a revision of the GPGs in 2023, achieved via a collaborative process led by INTERPOL in cooperation with other regional law enforcement agencies.



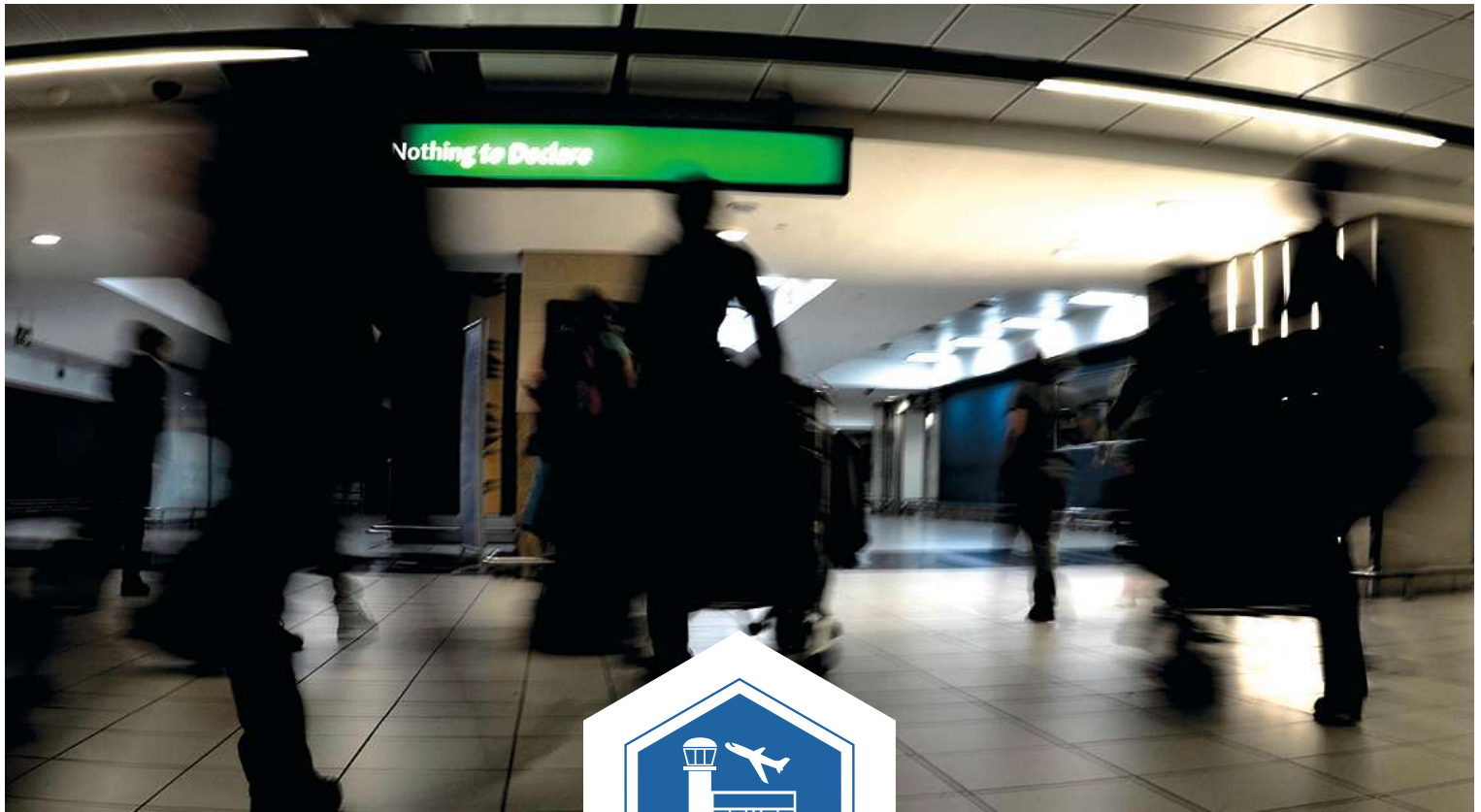


## ENABLE THE GLOBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT COMMUNITY TO MORE EFFECTIVELY COUNTER AND PREVENT TERRORISM THROUGH INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

- Disrupt terrorist activities their support mechanisms and links to organized crime through the enhanced exchange of police data and other appropriate information on individuals and organizations involved in all forms of terrorism and terrorist incidents.
- Improve countries' awareness of the terrorist threat and its evolution through the provision of actionable and timely criminal intelligence analysis.
- Mitigate terrorist threats by providing countries with technical expertise, based on a collaborative multi-agency and multi-disciplinary approach, in the prevention, detection, and investigation of terrorist incidents.
- Advocate the interests and needs of the global law enforcement community and advocate for the necessary action and dialogue to effectively combat the terrorist threat.
- Strengthen cooperative frameworks and leverage comparative advantages at the national, regional, and international level on combating specific terrorist threats, as well as tailored solutions and initiatives, including risk reduction strategies, particularly on radicalization.
- Foster closer partnerships with the tech industry and other stakeholders to tackle terrorist use of the internet and social media, including combating misinformation and disinformation.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal





## PROMOTE BORDER SECURITY WORLDWIDE

- Identify and disrupt criminal activities and travel, including FTF movement, by leveraging INTERPOL's capabilities, including Databases, Notices, Diffusions and Messages.
- Enhance and share actionable intelligence among law enforcement authorities and with all relevant partners entrusted with border management.
- Contribute to the establishment of advanced global standards for an intelligence-led border management, including standards for border surveillance, border checks and related equipment. These standards should be underpinned by technology and digital advancement and risk analysis, and with due respect to human rights.
- Disrupt criminal cross-border activities while facilitating bona-fide travel also through managing and sharing biometric data, including with the use of INTERPOL's Biometric Hub and other hubs.
- Strengthen the capability of member countries to tackle document and identity fraud, especially with the use of new technologies.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal





## ENHANCE THE LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE TO PROTECTING VULNERABLE COMMUNITIES

- Continue to pursue perpetrators, including online, while identifying and disrupting criminal activities that cause harm to people in vulnerable communities, including in the humanitarian context, online and along trafficking and smuggling routes globally.
- Strengthen cooperation, develop robust networks of experts, exchange intelligence, and foster best practices for the protection of people in vulnerable communities.
- Support the creation of law enforcement capabilities which support the rights, needs, safety and wellbeing of victims and survivors of crime at the center of crime prevention and response.
- Foster an approach that relies on data and information, and use secure data sharing mechanisms with all relevant actors to prevent, detect and respond to crimes affecting vulnerable communities.
- Prevent, detect and disrupt online child sexual exploitation and related crimes through a victim-centric approach, including through the use of the INTERPOL Child Sexual Exploitation database and victim identification task forces.
- Protect victims of crime from exploitation and re-victimization, through the development of tailored solutions and initiatives, and by building stronger national responses through the capacity building and training of law enforcement officers.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal







## REDUCE THE GLOBAL HARM AND IMPACT OF CYBERCRIME

- Expand understanding of the cybercrime threat landscape through information sharing and intelligence analysis.
- Coordinate and enhance law enforcement cooperation to prevent, detect, investigate and disrupt cybercrime.
- Continue to enhance capabilities to identify and counter cybercrime and associated threats.
- Advocate the interests and needs of the global law enforcement community in international and regional cyber fora.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal





## TACKLE CORRUPTION AND FINANCIAL CRIME IN ALL ITS FORMS

- Enhance the ability to identify and pursue the perpetrators of all illicit financial activity, including through facilitating multi-agency and multi-disciplinary cooperation among relevant agencies, whether domestic or international.
- Strengthen capacities of law enforcement globally to investigate and respond to financial crime.
- Share information relating to transnational fraud in a timely manner in order to enhance prevention efforts.
- Support the development of legislative and investigative frameworks to detect and combat financial crime.
- Leverage existing and develop new mechanisms to restore illicitly obtained assets.

UN Sustainable Development Goal







## COUNTER SERIOUS ORGANIZED CRIME AND DRUG TRAFFICKING

- Strengthen multi-agency and multi-disciplinary capacity to prevent, detect, investigate and combat illicit trade, including its financing.
- Identify and disrupt the activities of those responsible for the production, trafficking and distribution of drugs and other illicit commodities.
- Support the identification of members and associates of organized crime groups and the disrupt their activities.
- Build mechanisms to detect emerging illicit markets for drugs, other illegal substances, firearms, counterfeit goods, cultural heritage and other commodities, as well as identifying smuggling routes and new devices used for transportation of these commodities.
- Strengthen the analytical capabilities to understand the links between the different organized crime groups and the various illicit markets.
- Raise awareness among the general public of the risks associated with illicit goods and products, in particular drugs and illegal substances, as well as counterfeit digital products.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal







## STRENGTHEN ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY AND SUPPORT THE PROMOTION OF SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS BY COUNTERING CRIMES THAT AFFECT THE ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE

- Dismantle organized crime networks hindering sustainability through increased information sharing and analysis.
- Strengthen multi-agency and multi-disciplinary capacity to analyze, prevent, detect, investigate and combat environmental crime, including as related to the impact of climate change on communities, with due regard to regional differences and projected impact.
- Provide law enforcement support the to protection of biodiversity, threatened species and natural resources.
- Provide law enforcement support to the protection of communities and Indigenous Peoples dependent on natural resources.
- Promote the use of innovative tools to detect and disrupt environmental crimes.
- Ensure a clear understanding of environmental crime and strengthen its possible links to public health implications.

### UN Sustainable Development Goal



## CROSS-CUTTING FOUNDATIONAL THEMES

### I. Data and information sharing

- Commitment to data informed and evidence-based decision making in law enforcement.
- Prioritizing the strengthening of information and intelligence sharing globally.
- Working with member countries to standardize practices, procedures, and data formats with the appropriate legal, technical and data protection frameworks, to foster enhanced cooperation and trust.
- Enhancing the quality of data collected and shared by member countries, as well as by authorized partners.
- Continued commitment to the development and modernization of police information systems globally, system interoperability and their integration with INTERPOL's I-24/7 network.
- Creating innovative solutions for improved data sharing and comparisons for the location of missing persons and the identification of victims of ordinary-law crimes.
- Developing and publishing substantive, multi-sourced serious crime threat assessments at global and local levels.

### II. Collaboration and partnerships

- Identifying and pursuing collaborative action against global threats and committing to working in partnership.
- Building and leveraging multi-agency and multi-disciplinary partnerships, with both public and private entities, to ensure alignment across law enforcement globally and interagency collaboration.
- Ensuring the links between multiple crime types are understood and acted upon, 'connecting the dots' across the multitude of crime threats.
- Facilitating a process of learning and knowledge management by exchange of good practices, including through debriefing after joint actions.
- Enhancing and streamlining international and regional cooperation on the location, arrest and extradition of fugitives.
- Continuous commitment to building capacities of law enforcement, including via providing opportunities for connected digital learning and training.
- Broadening the scope of partnerships to consider all relevant actors who effectively contribute to the prevention and response to crime and the mitigation of harm, including as regards the public health implications of crime.
- Ensuring that all member countries have long term and sustainable capacities for the enhancement of individual skills, infrastructure development, and institutional change, in order to be able to tackle all emerging criminal impact.
- Facilitating the establishment and deployment of specialized technical expertise and forensics support.

### III. Good governance, rule of law and respect for human rights

- Promoting good governance, the rule of law and the respect for human rights, as enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- Ensuring that any use of new technology in law enforcement (e.g. Artificial Intelligence) does not increase already existing inequalities or vulnerabilities of different groups.
- Ensure that global policing operations programmes, projects and staff do not cause further harm to affected communities.
- Strengthening diversity and inclusion in law enforcement agencies to fully represent the communities they serve, including in line with UN Security Council Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace & Security.
- Ensuring a commitment to sustainability in the planning and implementation of actions relating to the Global Policing Goals.
- Developing legal frameworks where necessary as a foundation for an effective cooperation.
- Seeking to prevent and tackle all forms of corruption.

### IV. Capacity building and training, innovation and digitalization

- Providing cutting edge Capacity Building and Training initiatives using a sustainable approach that ensures ownership of the outcomes by the beneficiaries.
- Identifying opportunities for innovation to stay ahead of global crime, while strengthening the understanding of how criminals may use digitalization to their advantage.
- Strengthening the use of digital evidence in investigations.
- Expanding the forecasting and foresight capabilities of law enforcement, including by tapping into a broad range of expertise, to increase and strengthen the evidence base for operational actions.
- Exploring megatrends which will impact society in the future, and the associated law enforcement and security considerations..
- Prioritizing the up skilling of the global police force for policing in a digital world.
- Capitalizing on the development of advanced technologies, including the use of Artificial Intelligence to combat crime.
- Embracing and encouraging the responsible use of new technologies in law enforcement, in line with established good policing principles, human rights and ethical standards.

### V. Cybercrime and financial crime as enablers

- Applying a “follow the money” approach across all crime areas by focusing on the disruption of illicit financial streams and profits derived through criminal business models and transnational organized crime.
- Pursue and disrupt criminality perpetrated online.
- Ensuring that the impact of corrupt actors is lessened through coordinated action to bring perpetrators to justice and repatriate illegally transferred assets.
- Developing solid mechanisms of asset recovery and the repatriation of illicit proceeds of crime to victims.





INTERPOL



# GLOBAL POLICING GOALS

Security as a foundation  
for sustainable development



[www.interpol.int](http://www.interpol.int)



INTERPOL



@INTERPOL\_HQ



INTERPOL\_HQ



INTERPOL HQ



INTERPOL