

FACT SHEET

Database

► GLOBAL INFORMATION SHARING

INTERPOL provides its member countries with instant, direct access to a wide range of criminal databases, containing millions of records on fingerprints, DNA, stolen motor vehicles, firearms, stolen and lost travel documents and more. The databases share information contributed by member countries on a daily basis and with the following features:

- Information is shared through the I-24/7 secure police communications system;
- In compliance with international standards;
- Legally founded;
- Technologically advanced;
- Embedded with security features;
- Flexible and can be customized.

All databases, except the one of child sexual exploitation images, are accessible through the I-24/7 Dashboard, a restricted-access Internet portal. INTERPOL continues to extend access to its databases beyond its National Central Bureaus (NCBs) to frontline law enforcement officers, such as border guards in member countries, allowing them to search the databases on wanted persons, stolen and lost travel documents and stolen motor vehicles. These solutions allow an officer to submit a query simultaneously to a national database and an INTERPOL database and receive responses from both within seconds.

MAIN DATABASES

- Nominal Data contains records on known international criminals, missing persons and dead bodies, with their criminal histories, photographs, fingerprints, etc.
- DNA Profiles numerically coded sets of genetic markers unique to every individual. They can be used to help solve crimes and identify missing persons and unidentified bodies.
- Fingerprints INTERPOL manages an Automated Fingerprint Identification System which contains fingerprints and crime scene marks submitted by member countries either electronically or by mail.
- Child sexual exploitation imagedatabase (ICSE) shows images of victims and offenders that have been identified by investigators.

The success of international police investigations is dependent upon the availability of up-to-date, global data. INTERPOL facilitates global information sharing by managing a range of criminal information databases which enable the global law enforcement community to connect seemingly unrelated pieces of data, thereby facilitating investigations and enhancing international police cooperation.

Databases

- Stolen and Lost Travel Documents holds information on travel documents reported as lost or stolen. This database enables INTERPOL NCBs and other authorized entities, such as immigration and border control officers, to ascertain the validity of a suspect travel document in seconds.
- Stolen Administrative Documents –contains information on official documents which serve to identify objects; for example, vehicle registration documents and clearance certificates for import/export.
- Stolen Motor Vehicles provides extensive identification details on vehicles reported stolen around the world.
- Stolen Works of Art allows member countries to research records of artwork and cultural heritage reported stolen.
- Foreign Terrorist Fighters an analytical database created in August 2015, providing information from different hotspots including borders, prisons and conflict zones.

► FIREARMS

The **INTERPOL Illicit Arms Records and tracing Management System** (iARMS) provides a centralized platform for the reporting, querying and tracing of lost, stolen, trafficked or smuggled firearms by law enforcement agencies globally.

The **INTERPOL Firearms Reference Table** allows investigators to properly identify a firearm used in a crime.

The **INTERPOL Ballistic Information Network** is the only large-scale platform for the international sharing and comparison of ballistics data,.



► CONTACT INFORMATION:

Contact us via our web site. For matters relating to specific crime cases, please contact your local police or the INTERPOL National Central Bureau in your country.

- ► Twitter: @INTERPOL_HQ
- YouTube: INTERPOLHQ
- ► WWW.INTERPOL.INT

