Global Policing Goals

Security as a foundation for sustainable development
As the only police organization that works at the global level, INTERPOL plays a unique role in supporting international policing efforts. To do this in a consistent manner across the world, it is important that all actors in the global security architecture work towards the same outcomes.

INTERPOL has developed a set of seven Global Policing Goals, addressing a range of issues related to crime and security, to shape how the global law enforcement community works together to create a safer world. These goals are aligned with the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. They are universal, ambitious and underpinned by collective action.

The goals were approved in 2017 by INTERPOL’s member countries during the 86th General Assembly session in Beijing, China, and are as follows:

**Goal 1:**

**Counter the threat of terrorism**
- Identify and arrest terrorist suspects
- Strengthen intelligence-sharing platforms
- Disrupt terrorist movement and mobility
- Trace and disrupt financial streams and weapons sourcing

UN Sustainable Development Goal

**Goal 4:**

**Secure cyberspace for people and businesses**
- Establish partnerships to secure cyberspace
- Expand cybercrime investigative expertise
- Safeguard communities through standard setting, public education
- Protect critical infrastructures

UN Sustainable Development Goal

**Goal 5:**

**Promote global integrity**
- Promote good governance and rule of law
- Enhance corruption investigative expertise
- Promote a culture of integrity where corruption is not acceptable
- Build mechanisms to support and defend integrity and restore stolen assets

UN Sustainable Development Goal
Goal 2:

**Promote border integrity worldwide**
- Identify criminal and victim movements and travel
- Share information with and between border officials
- Contribute to the establishment of global standards for border security
- Assist member countries with maintaining the integrity of their security documents (e.g. addressing the use of counterfeit/false passports)

Goal 3:

**Protect vulnerable communities**
- Detect crimes and criminals and identify prevention opportunities
- Protect victims of crime from exploitation and re-victimization
- Respect human rights of vulnerable communities
- Develop robust networks of experts to exchange information, best practice and operational activity
- Disrupt the profit element in the criminal business model
- Identify and disrupt the illicit financial stream and profits derived through this criminal business model

Goal 6:

**Curb illicit markets**
- Raise awareness among the public of the risks associated with illicit goods and products
- Build mechanisms to detect emerging illicit markets
- Strengthen capacity to investigate and prevent illicit trade including its financing
- Identify and disrupt the illicit financial stream and profits derived through this type of criminal activity
- Identify and disrupt organized crime and drugs networks

Goal 7:

**Support environmental security and sustainability**
- Strengthen capacity to investigate environmental crime
- Protect resource-dependent communities, vulnerable species and natural heritage
- Build mechanisms to protect biodiversity and natural resources
- Disrupt organized crime networks and the profit element
- Identify and disrupt the illicit financial stream and profits derived through this type of criminal activity
Today’s crimes are interconnected and global. More than ever, there is a need for multilateral police cooperation to address the evolving and complex security challenges facing the world. INTERPOL’s role is to enable police in our 194 member countries to work together to make the world a safer place.

We provide secure access to global databases containing police information on criminals and crime, operational and forensic support, analytical services and training. Our colour-coded Notices are used to alert police worldwide to internationally wanted people, security threats and modus operandi.

All these policing capabilities are delivered worldwide and support three global programmes against issues that are among the most pressing today: counter-terrorism, cybercrime, and organized and emerging crime.

INTERPOL’s General Secretariat is based in Lyon, France, supported by the INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation in Singapore, seven regional bureaus and Special Representative offices at the African Union, the European Union and the United Nations.

Each member country runs an INTERPOL National Central Bureau, staffed by national law enforcement officials, which connects them and their frontline officers to our global network.